

## Using OAI-PMH for *Resource* Exchange

### OAI Metadata Harvesting Workshop, JCDL 03

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## OAI-PRH?

- using OAI-PMH for resource extraction / exchange
  - yes, OAI-PMH is for metadata not resources, but its going to happen anyway...
    - mirroring
    - preservation (archive “zipping”)
    - convergence with OAIS
  - assumptions
    - a digital resource
    - rsync et al. neither appropriate nor possible
    - defer metadata vs. data discussion

## Possible Approaches

1. Exploit knowledge outside the scope of the OAI-PMH to extract the resource
2. Base64 encode the resource and transmit via OAI-PMH as a separate “metadata” prefix?
3. Separate metadata prefix with instructions on how to extract / scrape the resource
4. Separate metadata format with XML encoded metadata, along with XSLT to decode it

## Out of Band Knowledge

1. take url in dc:identifier
2. parse report number
3. append “reportnumber.pdf” to url

## Out of Band Knowledge

- pros: tailored, no “accidental” harvesting
- cons: not scalable wrt # of repositories & harvesters, false negatives

	no metadata change	metadata change
no data change	ok	unnecessary download
data change	missed update!	ok

assumption: change in metadata means a change in data – not always true!

## Base64 Encoding

- define separate metadata formats
  - base64:application/pdf
  - base64:application/powerpoint
- pros: describable with OAI-PMH semantics, accomplished with standard OAI-PMH tools
- cons: heavyweight (could use compression), suitable for simple objects only, accidental harvesting would produce high loads for repositories and harvesters

## Metadata as Instructions

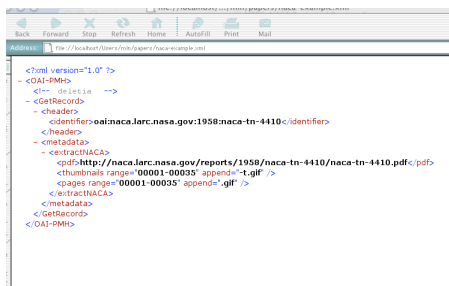


cf. <http://genomebiology.com/2003/4/6/R40>

## Metadata as Instructions

- the resource described in `<dc:identifier>` could be a complex object
  - may not be appropriate to:
    - “tar” the object into a single file
    - expose all constituent objects through OAI-PMH
  - define a metadata prefix that provides machine readable instructions on how extract the complex object
    - METS?

## Metadata as Instructions



- if the resource is already XML encoded, include an XSLT to transform into the desired format
  - use separate metadata formats or even sets for the harvester to express their transformation preferences?
- pros: elegant, limited work for repository
- cons: assumes client-side transformation capability, applicable only for XML-encodable resources